WINNSBORO, S. C., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 14, 1897.

Sec. 18. A certificate shall not be

renewed by the board issuing it. Provided. That if a teachers' insti

tute is held in the county, a first grade

certificate shall not be renewed unless

the holder attends the institute, and

provided, further. That if the hold-

ers of a second grade certificate attends

the institute a second grade certificate

Sec. 19, The County board shall

in the public schools of the County.

Provided.

may be renewed.

issued in that county.

kept for that purpose.

of their own county.

and grade of the certificate.

signed by at least two members of the

Board and should not be approved by the county Superintendent of Educa-

tion until the clerk of the board of

trustees has entered it upon a book

related by consanguinity or affinity

within the second degree to a member

er holding a certificate issued by a

ificate has been duly registered in the

office of the County Superintendent

Sec. 25. That no school supplies

shall be purchased by school officers

for use in the public schools of any

county in the State except such as are authorized by the State Board to be

sold. The vendors of all such supplies

authorized to be sold by this Board

shall enter into a written contract

with this Board, in which the prices

of the supplies shall be stated and

copies of the supplies shall be placed

in the office of the State Superintend-

form to the samples, and the prices

The County Boards may allow or

shall not exceed the prices agreed on.

disallow such supplies, or any of them,

to be sold in their counties. In case

they permit the same to be sold they

shall give the vendor a written per-

mission to offer the same to the trus-

tees of their counties, the prices of the supplies to be named in the written

permisssion, leaving the purchase, or

not, of such supplies to the good judg-ment, of the boards of trustees. In case the trustees purchase any of such sup-

plies they may give a warrant against the school fund of their district in

payment therefor, but in no case shall the County Superintendent of Educa-

tion countersign or indorse any such

Boards of Education.

V. Kreps, Langley.
Anderson-W. F. Moncrief, Ander-

Barawell-R. H. Harley, Williston

Beaufort-Wm. Elliott, Jr., Beau-

Charleston-W. M. Whitehead Charleston; Robert E. Seabrook,

Cherokee-R. O. Sams, Gafney, N.

Chester—S. B. Latham, Chester; Jas. Hamilton, Chester. Chesterfield—B. F. Hargatt, Chesterfield; A. H. McArm, Cheraw.

Clarendon-J. H. Lesesne, Man-

ning; E. J. Browne, Manning.
Colleton—J. E. Purifoy, Walterboro; J. T. Hiers, Walterboro.

Florence-D. McDuffle, Friendfield;

Greenville-Julius L. Eskew, Pied-

Hampton-T. H. Fits, Hampton; J.

Horry-D. A. Spivey, Conway, W.

Kershaw-Tnos. Pate, Camden; W.

Lancaster—J. T. Green, Lancaster; J. H. Foster, Lancaster.

Home; J. B. Watkins, Laurens.

Laurens-J. B. Parratt, Highland

Lexington-L. B. Hayne, Leesville;

Marion-P. H. Eiwards, Mullins;

Marlboro-J. D. Moore, Bennetts-

Newberry, G. G. Sale, Newberry;

Oconee-W. J. Stribbling, Walhal-

la; W. A. Dickson, Broyles.
Orangeburg—Robt. Lide, Orangeburg: A. H. Moss, Orangeburg.

Pickens-J. E. Parson, Pickens; S. W. O'Dell, Roanoke.

bia: C. E. Johnston, Columbia.

burg; C. E Elmore, Clifton.

T. Bowles, Paynes.

Peake, Union.

H. F. Wilson, Sumter.

Richland-E. B. Wallace, Colum-

Saluda-Jas. P. Bean, Johnston; J.

Spartanburg-W. J. Wall, Spartan-

Sumter-S. H. Elmunds. Sumter:

Union-C. B. Waller, Union; C. H.

Mt.

son: L. M. Mahafey, Anderson.

ort; T. O. Hutson, Beaufort.

Berkeley-F. W. Dantzler,

tion do so at their own risk.

S. P. McElroy, Due West.

T. P. Lide, Barnwell.

H. Littlejohn, Gafney.

H. S. Hartzog, Johnston.

W. Rouse, Hampton.

. Graham, Socastee.

Villepigue, Camden.

F. E. Dreher, Lexington.

J. D. McLucas, Marion.

ville; J. A. Calhoun, Clis.

W. H. Wallace, Newberry.

W. N. McPherson, Darlington.

mont; O. B. Martin, Greenville.

Pleasant.

Charleston.

board of another county until the cer-

NO. 36.

CAN'T KEEP LIQUOR

IN YOUR HOUSE UNLESS IT IS OFFI CIAL OR STAMPED.

Important Decision -- Result of a Divided Court -- Justice Mclver Calls Attention to the United States Court's Decision.

By reason of an equally divided court the State supreme court has rendered a decision to the effect that a man cannot keep two and a half gallons of whiskey in his house for his own personal use, without the commissioner's stamp upon it, without laying himself liable to criminal pros-

judgment of the circuit court below agraph, which has nothing to do with stands affirmed. Chief Justice McIver the case, in that it provides for a punand Associate Justice Gary have filed ishment for imitation of stamps. very strong opinions against sustain-

had no State stamp on it. On this the United States." judgment an appeal was taken to the supreme court of the State.

The appeal was taken on the following grounds in brief. First. Because his honor erred in keeping it there without any stamps on it? If so, he must show that either

bartered does not constitute a crime. Second. That it is only the storing or keeping in possession of alcoholic liquors for some unlawful use or purpose, which is made an indictable of-fense by statute and his honor erred

in not so holding.

The chief justice states that from the to show that it is for his own use.

The chief justice states that from the to show that it is for his own use.

"The act contemplated that there the contemplated that there are the some time after." in the dwelling house, while defend ant was absent a three gallon jug the liquor came into possession of the may occur in the County Board of ent of Education and the supplies sold containing about two gallons of corn person for his own use before he could Education and to report their action to the schools shall at all times conwhiskey, which they seized, because apply to the State commissioner for to the board at its next meeting for its there were no stamps upon it from the State commissioner. There was no If it was seized because it did not have testimony to show that the whiskey the necessary certificates and labels, was for sale or any other unlawful he was even then to be deprived of the purpose or that the defendant had liquor, provided he could show it was the county board shall perform the ever sold whiskey. On the contrary for his own use; but in that case, the duties of the office until the vacancy the defendant stated that he had ob- burden of proof would be upon him to is filled by this board and the chair-tained the whiskey about three weeks show it was for such purpose. Any man and scoretary shall so instruct previous for his own personal use and other construction of the act would for no other purpose, because he was make a person a violater of the law in bad health and needed it; that he who simply received as a present a had never sold any whiskey and could bottle of liquor coming from another not tell how much of it he had used before it was seized. It was admitted tion forthwith to apply to the State that the whiskey had not been bought commissioner for the necessary certifi from a dispensary and it had no cates and labels to affix to it. stamps on it. The charge of the cirundertakes to keep liquor he must less it came from the dispensary, have the stamp of the State commissioner. The question is did he have bought it from the dispensary or that he obtained from the State commissioner the stamps to put on it. The law prevents this storing of liquors, shows how it may be kept safely not minded to put himself to that prohibits the storing or keeping of inwithout any trouble and if a man is

for the consequences." The chief justice goes on to say that theory that it is an indictable effense for a person to have in his possession alcoholic liquors, even for his own use; unless the required stamps are upon it. In the first place the indictment does not charge any such offense for it does not charge that liquors were found without the requisite stamps. On the contrary the charge second place an examination of the dispensary law of 1896 fails to disclose any provision making it an indictable his possession without the stamps of dise for blind tigers; I should say, the State on it. There are several pro- rather, there would be no blind tigers none declaring that the mere fact that and with impunity. a person is found in possession of alcoholic liquors without stamps shall constitute a criminal offense.

the 1st, the 25th, the 26th and 35th, and these sections are considered in the opinion of the chief justice.

After quoting the first section he penal offense to do any of the acts therein forbidden, while the second part was intended to render the liquors referred to liable to seizure without a warrant and to forfeit them. In other words the first sentence affects persons only and not property, while the second affects property and not persons. It is clear that the person charged must not only have manufactured, sold, bartered, exchanged, received or accepted, stored or kept in his possession spirituous liquors, but ten months old brother this morning must have done so for some unlawful purpose for that is not only the proper! gramatical construction of the language, but also such a construction is necessary to relieve the officers char- head badly scarred and the iron almost ged with the duty of storing and penetrated the brain. The strange keeping of spirituous liquors from the deed was committed during the abpenalties prescribed. While the evi- sence of the mother who heard the indence shows that the liquor in ques- fant's screams of agony as she was retion was kept in the defendant's dwelling house there is no evidence tending room saw the boy sitting astrone his to show that it was kept for unlawful user On the contrary, the evidence his hands and laughing in a fiendish eral average of not less than 75 per is that he kept it believing that it was delight. He does not realize what he cent. on the questions submitted, and necessary for his bodily health. Un has done. less, therefore, the act contains some provision making it unlawful to drink or otherwise use for his own personal the State commissioner it is obvious court of common pleas here yes erday. Sec. 17. No person shall be perfense charged is lacking. The act will administrator. Reese was recently not at least 18 years of age, and be York-J. A. Barron, Yorkville; J. be searched in vain for any such proconvicted of the murder of Williams, fore taking an examination each ap- W. Thomson, Rock Hill.

Lyuors for one's own personal use or a new trial.

gratification constitutes any offense against the criminal laws of the State. The 25th section is quoted and Mr. Justice McIver holds that it does not even purport to create any criminal offense but deals only with the seizure and forfeiture of contraband liquor. Indeed the proviso recognizes the legality of the possession of certain li nuors which are not bought from the

dispensary.
The 26th section is next quoted. which it is contended was not to create any criminal offense, but to prevent the courts from entertaining any action for the recovery of the price of any liquor so seized.
So much of the 35th section which is

pertinent is quoted. It is difficult to ecution under the dispensary law.

The decision was rendered in the case of Anderson Chastian and the criminal offense except in the last par-

He concluded by saying: "A very ing the finding of the lower court. careful consideration of this case in Mr. Justice Jones files the opinion on all its aspects leads inevitably to the the other side, in which Associate conclusion that the grounds of appeal Justice Pope concurs. In the Flormust be sustained." Finally, he says. ence case recently decided, in which "Inasmuch as this opinion was originally prepared before the recent decis the court was equally divided, the appellants have submitted a request that a rehearing be granted before all the States in Donald vs. Scott, 165 U.S. judges sitting en banc. No doubt a 68, was announced, I desire to avail similar request will be made in this myself of the opportunity now pre case. Chief Justice McIver, in his opin-sented of adding that it seems to me ion, thus presents the matter in sub- absolutely necessary to adopt the conclusion which I have reached in order to avoid a conflict with the decision of The defendant was found guilty and to avoid a conflict with the decision of the United States, sentenced to pay a fine of \$100, or go the supreme court of the United States. on the chain gang for three months which it must be conceded is a final for having in his possession two and a arbiter of all questions involving a half gallons of corn whiskey, which construction of the Constitution of

JUSTICE GARY'S VIEW. Mr. Justice Gary, in his opinion concurring with the opinion of the

chief justice, after reviewing the facts of the case and quoting several charging the jury as follows: "The sections of the dispensary law application is did he have liquor there, ble to the case and quoting several dispensary law applications." ble to the case says: "When these sections are construed

together they show first that the act he bought it through the regular does not prohibit, but on the contrary channels, the dispensary, or that he in express language, permits a person instead that the keeping of a small the liquor in his possession for his use, quantity of liquor in his dwelling it is necessary to furnish an inventory house for his own use and not to be of the quantity and kinds to the State

"Third, that if the liquor in his possession is seized because it has not the necessary certificates and labels required by the act, and he claims the

would necessarily be some time after the necessary certificates and labels. State, although it might be his inten-

"A construction contrary to that cuit judge was as follows: "The in which we place upon the act would dictment is for storing and keeping in even make a person a violater of the possession alcoholic liquors. If a man law who took a drink of whiskey na-"We cannot think this was the in-

tention of the legislature. For these liquor there, keeping it without any reasons we concur in the conclusion stamp, if so he must show that he anounced by Mr. Chief Justice McIver. JUSTICE JONES' POSITION.

Justice Jones, in his decision susthe vessel the stamp of the State comthe circuit judge proceeded upon the tended for by the learned chief jusnullify the dispensary law, for it is not intoxicating liquors in possession without permission of the stamp is not punishable unless it was kept for unlawful use, and not be compelled to hold the same thing in reference to the manufacture and sale of such li is that the defendant unlawfully stor- quor. Moreover, if a sale of intoxi ed certain contraband liquor. In the cating liquors is not unlawful, unless made for an unlawful use, then a of Education. keeping in possession of contraband liquor for sale for a lawful use is not offense for a person to have liquor in unlawful. This would make a para-

visions in that act making such liquor since everybody could seil and keep liable to seizure and forfeiture, but for sale intoxicating liquors openly "The construction we contend for is not only the natural and grammatical construction of the language used, but is consistent with the scheme of contended sustain this presecution are the dispensary act, whereas, the other construction is the unnatural, ungram matical and destructive of the design and operation of the dispensary law.

The question is one of construction says that it is divided into two dis- merely. It is simply our duty to detinct parts; the first part makes it a clare the law. We have nothing to County Board of Education, on uni

of the circuit court should be affirmed.

A Little Fiend. CHICAGO, April 6.—Russell Freer. the two and a half year old son of poor parents living at 2496 Thirty Ninth Place burned out the eyes of his with a red hot poker and the doctors cannot tell if the child will live. The eye balls and eye lids of the baby were destroyed, the cheeks and foreturning home, and running in o the brother's body with the heated iron in

Damages for Murder.

benefit or gratification any spirituous dict of \$6,500 was rendered against per cent, and not less than 50 on any liquors not obtained from the dispen- Marion P. Reese in favor of the es- one branch, Algebrabeing excluded in sary or not containing the stamps of tate of Charles T. Williams in the marking for a second grade. that one essential element of the of. The suit was brought by J. H. Riddle, mitted to take an examination who is tree.

NEW SCHOOL RULES.

SOME IMPORTANT CHANGES ADOPT ED BY THE STATE BOARD.

Regulations Which Are Expected to Increase the Facilities and Usefulness of the Public School System-Of Interest to

At a recent meeting the State Board Education adopted some rules for the conduct of the public schools in the State which are very important and, in some respects, departures from previous regulations. These were adopted after much discussion, it being the desire of the board to make the schools up to date as far as possi-

Among some of the more important regulations are the following: Requiring examinations to be held n every county three times a year, in February, June and September.
Certificates for first and second grades only will be issued, but this does not affect third grade certificates

now in existences. No teacher shall be kin by consan guinity or affinity within second de-gree to a member of the board or principal of a school shall be employed. Certificates in one County shall be

good in another if it is properly regis-Only school supplies authorized by the State Board shall be purchased for use in public schools.

The complete text of the new rules follow and must prove of interest to patrons and teachers alike: The State Board of Education shall be governed by the following rules, except when a rule is suspended by a

two third vote of the board: Section 1. The Governor shall be chairman and the State Superintendent of Education secretary of the board. Sec. 2. The Board shall meet in January, May and September of each year and at such other times as the chairman may designate.

Sec. 3. The secretary shall keep a record of the actions of the board in obtained it from the State commis to keep liquor in his possession for his book provided for that purpose. sioner the proper stamps to be put on it" and should have charged the jury throw the protection of the law around be as follows: Calling to order, reading the keeping of a small the keeping of a small throw the protection of the law around be as follows: Calling to order, reading of liquor in his possession for his use, ling of minutes of liquor in his dwelling. ing, unfinished business, reports of

committees, report of the chairman, commissioner and apply for certificate | report of the secretary and new busi-Sec. 5. All resolutions shall be re duced to writing by the mover, and

likewise all amendments. Sec. 6. A motion must receive a sec ond before it shall be entitled to consideration by the board.

Sec. 7. The chairman and secretary are authorized to fill all vacancies that consideration.

Sec. 8. Should a vacancy occur in the office of County Superintendent of Education the other two members of man and sceretary shall so instruc them.

Sec. 9. All vacancies in the office of County Superintendent of Education shall be filled by ballot, and a two third vote of the members present shall be necessary to fill the vacancy. Sec. 10. An applicant for a teachers' State certificate shall stand a satisfactory examination before this board at a regular meeting of the board, or, upon special order of the chairman of the board, the State Superintendent of Education shall hold such examination and report the same to the board at its next meeting, for its considera-tion, or present a full diploma from some college or university of standing satisfactory to the board.

In all cases applicants shall furnish taining the lower court, contends that satisfactory evidence of good characthe sole question for determination is ter. The certificate shall be signed by whether the dispensary act of 1895 the chairman and secretary of the board, under the seal of the office of trouble, then he will have to look out to xicating liquors without having on the State Superintendent of Education, continue of force for two years, enti missioner. "The construction con- tle the holder to teach in the public schools of any County in the State tice," he holds, "would practically upon the registration of the certificate in the office of the County Superinten. possible to held that the keeping of dent of Education of the county, and may be renewed at the discretion of this Board. A State certificate shall not be issued to any person under 20

years of age. Sec. 11, All scholarships in State institutions shall be awarded a competitive examination held by or under the discretion of the State Superintendent

Note: The manner of awarding these scholarships, together with rules to govern them, was not decided on, further consideration being postponed until the next meeting in May.

Sec. 12. The County Board of Ed ucation of each County shall meet on the third Saturday in February, June and September of each year for the purpose of examining applicants for a teacher's county certificate of qualifi-cation, and the transaction of all other business that may come before it, ample public notice shall be given of the time and place of all such meetings.

Sec. 13. Every applicant for a county certificate shall stand a satisfactory written examination before a do with its wisdom or its severity. form questions prepared and furnish-The harshness of its operation, real or led by the State Board, the examinasupposed, should not in the least tion to be held in all the Counties on swerve us from our plain duty. There the same day, or he or she shall prewas no error in the charge of the sent to the County Board a full diplojudge complained of and the judgment ma from some reputable chartered college or university of this State, known to be of good standing. No certificate shall be issued on a diploma showing that the holder has completed the course of only some particular department of a school; the diploma

Eust'show that the full college course has been completed. Sec. 14. Only one grade of exami nation questions shall be prepared and furnished for the County examina-

tions. Sec. 15. There shall be but two grades of teachers' county certificates first grade and second grade-this not to affect third grade certificates now outstanding.

Sec. 16. To obtain a first grade certific...e an applicant must make a gennot less than 60 per cent. on any branch; and to win a second grade certificate the applicant must make a YORKVIVLE, S. C., April S-A ver- general average of not more than 70

vision, and hence it cannot be said and suit for damage was accordingly plicant shall satisfactorily pass such The State Superintendent of Education that keeping and using any spirituous brought. The defense has moved for oral test in reading and language as tion was instructed to fill all places "How the property of the Board msv impose.

THE TIDE TURNING.

Carter Harrison Wins -- Elected Mayor of Chicago by a Vote of Nearly Two to One. Of the Drowning of Three Men Six Miles

issue to each applicant making the required percentage a certificate, signed by each member of the board and under the seal of the County Superinthe independent split in the regular Republican ranks and the flocking of tendent of Education of the County, showing on its face the percentage made on each branch and the general average. The certificate shall run for two years from its date and the holdtriumph was recorded. The 56,000 plurality over McKinley over Bryan er shall be deemed competent to teach was turned into a Democratic plurali-Sec. 20. No certificate of qualificaion shall be granted by any County Board under any circumstances to candidate for Mayor. The almost comany person who is under 18 years of Sec. 21. The County Board of one 75,000 over the next best man, Alder Greenville County. The wounded merce, saved the life of John Bogle, an old farmer, by dragging him to a county Board of another the next best man, Alder Greenville County. The wounded an old farmer, by dragging him to issued by a County Board of another who ran on the citizens ticket by himcounty, but in such case they shall reg- self. The figures also indicate that ister the name of the holder, county rom which issued, date and number of the certificate, and when so registered it shall have the same force as if the expostmaster and German editor, whose ticket was called business ad-Sec. 22. Each County Board shall keep a register in which shall be recorded the name, and, sex, color and postoffice of each person to whom a of both parties dwindled to about 16, sides, surging and sweeping by at a Sec 23. Every claim of warrant is 5,000 under ued by a board of trustees shall be J. Bryan.

The total Republican vote is about 57,000 while McKinley polled 200,747 votes in November. The rest of the city ticket, attorney, treasurer and majority of the common council have of smashing all previous records. Hyde town ticket. Harrison or Harof the board or to a principal of a the Republican machine was repudiaschool, nor shall they employ a teach-ted everywhere. There is really nothconsole itself with, except a few aldermen whose records were good and who happended to live in wards that are usually Republican. The argument of the Republicans that if Hesing and Harlan, the two Independfigure at all.

There was a joyful demonstration of Democrats on the streets when the result became assured and thousands works and much cannonading of the

atmosphere. Carter Harrison said of the result men were with me." islative body.

warrant until the supplies have been delivered; the County Superintendent shall hold all such warrants in his possession until the delivery of the supplies is made. All persons purchasing any such warrant before the County Superintendent of Educa-The following boards of education have been appointed by the State vember on the silver issue and the going off the bridge. Heroic efforts friends of John R. McLean, who is to save them were futile. the Democratic candidate for senator, The men wounded were hurt by the have made much comment on this falling of the Pelzer bridge. The new Abbeville-J. M. Knight, Abbeville; Aiken-R. L. Gunter, Aiken; Jno. free silver issue.

In Cincinnati, the home of Senator Foraker, a Republican plurality last Saturday. The loss falls upon Conyear of 20,000 is displaced by a Demo-tractor J. H. Whitner, of Tennessee. cratic plurality of over 7,000. In Cleveland, the home of Senator Han-na, the Democrats made large gains, were swept overboard by the flood of Whitehead and even the home of President Mc-Kinley at Canton, went Democratic. The home of Governor Bushnell at Springfield is strongly Republican, and that city elected a Democratic

mayor by over 400. While the result in Ohio is due largely to the opposition to Geo. B. is accredited to dissatisfactions There are many who are suffering

free silver sentiment is growing special legislation of the last Republi-Democratic ticket in Cincinnati, Gusthe anti-Cox sentiment in this city. It is stated by the Republicans that they have always lost the municipal election after the inauguration of a Republican president. At Hamilton, the entire Democratic ticket is elected while Chas. S. Bosch for mayor se-

cures a majority of 1,400. At Zinesville the Democrats simply swept the city, electing their entire city ticket. At Springfield, the Democrats carried the home of Governor Bushnell

electing John M. Good mayor. At Akron, the contest for mayor in dicates the election of Young (Dem.) At Fostoria for the first time in 20 years the Democrats elected a mayor. BRYAN ELATED.

WASHINGTON, April 7 .- Great in terest was manifested here tonight in the Chicago election, and crowds congregated about the newspaper offices this morning the body of W. H. to receive the news. Democrats were Parker, a boy of 18 from Athens, Ga., all very much elated. Mr. Bryan was was found lying about three feet from one of the most elated. Mr. Bryan the railroad track one mile below was one of the most interested in the here. He is supposed to have been engine of the Cape Fear and Yadkin and great indignation was felt among Williamsburg-E. G. Chandler, returns, and spent an hour in the killed by the train. He was identified Valley railroad, which left Mount Airy those present regarding the exagger-Kingstree, Wm. G. Gamble, Kings- Southern Associated Press office read- by a letter found on his person. He today at 2:30 p. m., was derailed near ated reports sent out regarding the ing the Chicago returns. Expressive comes of good parentage and has Pilot Mountain and Fireman Wal- floods. Secretary of War Alger was

Accept congratulations upon your State.

magnificent victory. The elections in Chicago, Cincinnali, Detroit and other cities indicate a decided change in DEMOCRATS VICTORIOUS IN MUNICI- public sentiment since November.
W. J. BRYAN.

THRILLING DESCRIPTION

CHICAGO, April 6.—With the magic GREENVILLE, April 6.—The Saluda of his famous father's name, aided by River is within its banks again, after GREENVILLE, April 6.-The Saluda being on a boom Monday night and this morning, during which three men the discontented laboring class to the standard of silver Democracy, Carter were drowned and one mule and two Henry Harrison was elected mayor of horses perished. Three more men Chicago today and a great Democratic miraculously escaped death after being considerably bruised, and thousands of dollars' worth of bridges ty of about \$5,000 over Judge Nathan-were swept away. The dead are John perished in the flames. R. W. Hop-lel C. Sears, the machine Republican Freeman, white of Pickens County: kins, a St. Louis drummer, was last Jackson Byrd, colored, of Pickens plete mayoralty returns show that Jackson Byrd, colored, of Pickens Harrison polled a plurality of about County; Babe Gillespie, colored of and Mr. McDade, all white, of Pelzer. the next mayor polled a small majori. This river has a decided reputation for ty over the three other principal can- turbulence and violence, and many didates, Sears, Harlan and Hesing, drownings and hair-breadth escapes are related of its former sprees. It ministration of municipal affairs. He was fifteen feet above normal at midis a gold Democrat, but his boasted night before the last and was out of its strength among the independent men banks hundreds of yards on both certificate is granted, and also the date 000 total vote. Harrison's total vote terrific speed and frowning and threating grade of the certificate. is about 140,000, which is less than ening with eddies everywhere. Ris-5,000 under the vote polled by Wm. ing as it does in the mountains, the Saluda, above all other streams hereabouts, is particularly violent after heavy rains. The great incline of its bed and the hilly character of its banks gives it remarkable speed and volume.

It came within three inches yesterday Sec. 24. No teacher shall be employed by a board of trustees who is ployed by a board of trustees who is with the possible exception of the Dridge, within six miles of this city.

The drowning scene was at the coordinate of the Bridge, within six miles of this city.

One of the victims was John Freeman, a well-to do Pickens farmer and ian carried every ward in the city and the Republican machine was repudiated everywhere. There is really nothing left for the Republican party to banks. The bridge is a large covered by the Republican party to banks. The bridge is a large covered by the Republican party to banks. The bridge is a large covered by the republican party to banks. The bridge is a large covered by the republican party to banks. The bridge is a large covered by the republican party to banks. The bridge is a large covered by the republican party to banks. The bridge is a large covered by the republican party to banks. The bridge is a large covered by the republican party to banks. The bridge is a large covered by the republican party to banks. wooden structure and its floor is thirteen feet above the normal heighth of ing up some residences in a different the river. The two abutments are portion of the city. substantially counstructed of granite, The city authorities realizing that ly one and a half inches, while for the filled in to the banks with earth. The the fire department was unable to entire State the average was 1.33 substantially counstructed of granite, men who perished were driving from conquer the flames, telegraphed to inches. The greatest amount for the ents, had withdrawn, Judge Sears would have won, does not hold good when it is shown that Harrison has a two feet deep on the Pickens side when it is shown that Harrison has a two feet deep on the Pickens side. clear majority over all three. The other city tickets in the field cut no above the floor and six inches more would have sent the whole structure

whirling down the river. The party crossed the bridge in safe ty. Jeff Davis, colored. in the twogathered in front of newspaper offices horse wagon with Mr. Freeman, and to cheer as the news was displayed. Bryan was in a cart in front. Bryan There were impromptu parades, fire crossed the overflowed abdument with ease, but as the wagon reached the Pickens end of the bridge, the mule, the left-hand animal of the team. 'It has been a victory of a united and doubted the propriety of going over not a divided Democracy. Gold as the abutment and backed. The lash well as silver men cast their ballots was applied and then the horse, which for me and registered a protest against | was on the left, stepped into a hole Republican misrule. The working about eight inches deep. The mule nen vore with me. indicate that the a few feet down the embankment of Democrats will have 39 aldermen out the abutment on his side, which was of 68 in the council. Twenty-eight of down-stream. The negro jumped out the Democratic candidates are probal and fled to the bank. Mr. Freeman

bly elected out of 34 and with the 11 got into water about waist deep and Democratic holdover aldermen will went to his team and attempted to lead give that party a majority in the leg- them back on the embankment. But the animals were excited and, rearing CHICAGO, April 7.—A special to the and sent him under the water and Record from Cincinnati, says: The down the stream into water about ten result of the municipal elections in Ohio yesterday shows Democratic gains. The large cities which gave of the first trouble Mr. Freeman seized McKinley such enormous pluralities a tree and grabbed his horse's bridle last November have gone Democratic. the same has been countersigned by last November have gone Democratic. again, and in the struggle went under McKinley had only 50,000 in the State the second time. The horse got away, and all of this plurality came from and Mr. Freeman went under the last the cities which today went Demo time. In a few minutes Jackson Byrd cratic. Causide of these cities, the and Babe Gillespie were drowned in State was carried by Bryan last No. the same way as Freeman, their teams

fact. They claim that McLean will \$12,000 iron bridge over the Saluda carry the legislature and possibly the River at Pelzer was swept from its State ticket next November on the piers on Monday night. The loss is \$3,000. The bridge was to have been accepted by the county supervisor on The three white men named above. water as the bridge went down and narrowly escaped being crushed in the wreckage. The fall of the bridge was due to the undermining of the masonry pier on the Anderson side, within a few hundred feet of the main building of the Pelzer Cotton Mills. and about fifty feet below their dam. Cox, who had become offensive as a This bridge has been the subject of boss the result in the State generally much controversy as to whether Greenville should pay one-half the cost of its construction. It was claimed that in business and many more who are Greenville was helping to divert trade Darlington—Jas. R. Coggeshall, out of work, who expected relief first from her own machines toward those month under the new administration in Pelzer. A new span at 1 pier will have to be built.

among these people. The Democratic new York, April 7.—A special to gains were general. There was no The World from Havana says: Calabazar, in this province has been raid. can legislative on which any issues ed, the Spanish jail forced open and were made. The man who headed the eighteen insurgents, who were to be shot this week, released. Most of the Republicans, because he represented She is nearly fifty years of age and to be a relative of General Acosta. has been confined in the vile dangeon more than three months. She disappeared from her residence, two miles from this place and her friends had made many attempts to ascertain her whereabouts, but without success. When found she was in rags and imprisonment almost destroyed her reason.

The insurgents were so wrought up by this discovery that they fired the held where they had the fight and hacked the bodies of their fallen ene- said he had received a copy of Mr. mies relentlessly, so as to be sure Bryan's book a few days ago, but as that no spark of life remained in any yet had not had time to read it.

Found Dead. BLYTHEWOOD, April S .- About 5:30 "Hon. Carter Harrison, Chicago: they will be carried for interment .- it and killed. Engineer Powers was gressman Johnson and Senator Rocah

KNOXVILLE BURNED.

Terrible Fire in the Very Heart of the Presperous Tennessee Town.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., April 8 .- Never in the history of Knoxville has the city suffered such a loss by fire as it did today. The very heart of the city. including some of the largest whole sale and retail business houses in the South, were destroyed. The loss is variously estimated at from one to one and a half million with about 60 per cent. of insurance. The loss of life is uncertain as the registers of Hotel Knox in which fifty-six people or six guests who have not put in an appearance. A. E. Weeks, of Locke, N. Y., drummer for a Rochester stamping company, is known to have the farmers of the State: seen in the burning building in a suffocating condition. W. H. Kephart, ex secretary of the chamber of com-

inmates of the hotel had escaped, a cept for a few days during the third woman with an infant in her arms decade of March, when clear, cool and rushed to the rear window and windy weather prevailed. This in screamed for help. A net was quickly turn was followed by rains which susstretched and the woman asked to pended plowing and planting up to drop the child out, but as the smoke date. almost choked her she told them if one had to die, both would die. The woman was finally rescued by the firemen. From the hotel building, which was five stories high, the fire spread east and west. A stiff wind made the flames very ugly and the department was inadequate. DYNAMITE AND CANNON.

In the wholesale hardware house of W. W. Woodruff & Co., explosions of dynamite occurred and scores of people were hurt by flying bricks and glass. It became necessary at last to have the walls of one building blown did the work, at the same time tear-

Southern railway made up a special the least 0.36 at Barksdale. The nortrain and carried the Chattanooga ap | mal for the same period is approxiparatus to Knoxville, 111 miles, 115 mately 0,75 inch. minutes. One stop was made for water, the actual running time being 60 In places there was practically none, miles an hour. When the engine arrived here the fire was about under ed from Elmore, Orangeburg County;

hotel says that he is positive that five per cent. or six persons were burned. He ran over three or four men in the hallways who were suffocated. J. M. Dean, of Kansas City,

amped from the burning building, tells a thrilling story of his escape. He started out with only his might shirt on and had that torn oif before more advanced. In the northern wor he reached the street. His room mate, of Counties from Chesterfield west-W. A. Kabor, was more fortunate, ward, practically nothing has been saving two shirts. The Travelers Pro- done towards planting, for even the tective Association members of the uplands were too wet to prenare except local post took care of all drummers, for a few days in the latter part of buying some suits out and out. March, after which more rain again W. H. Mitchell, of Abingdon, jum-made plowing impracticable. It is in

follows. The dead:

A. E. Weeks, Locke, N. Y. R. W. Hopkins, St. Louis, Mo. Robinson, Palaski, Tenn. S. E. Williams, Springfield, Mass.

The injured: J. C. M. Bogle, of Tennesse, burned, and will die. D. M. Dean, Indianapolis, Ind., antle sprained. Thomas S. Peck, Morristown, Tenn., ankle sprained.

and head by glass. Claude Harris, Knoxville, cut dozen places.

y flying glass. Policeman Duncan, badly burned and was carried home. Fire Chief McIntosh, bruised from

W. H. Kephart, Knoxville, internaily hurt. A cabinet maker named P. C. Dyer tim. He was registered in the hotel and has not shown up.

Bryan and McKinley Meet. WASHINGTON, April 6 .- There were some important callers at the white house this morning before the cabinet assembled at 11 o'clock. First came Senator Hanna, of Ohio, who had just returned from Cleveland, whither he went to cast his vote at the municipal elections yesterday. He was with Mr. McKinley half an hour. When he emerged he said, commenttay Tafel, was formerly a Republican, become a free silver Democrat three or four years ago. He secured the vote of both gold Democrats and gold to be a relative of Paperal Acosta white house White house Week, released. Most of the When he emerged he said, commenting upon the elections, that they were without any save local significance. While Mr. Hanna was still in the white house, Mr. Bryan, late Democratic candidate for president, called with Representative McMillen, of Tennessee, and Attorney General Smythe, of Nebraska, to pay his respects to his successful rival. They were immediately ushered into Mr. McKinley's office. The president, who was talking with a group of genemaciated to a shocking degree. She | tlemen, advanced and the president was very prominent in that section. and the ex-candidate shook hands had been raised in alliance and her cordially. Mr. Bryan remarked upon the president's apparent good health and the latter spoke of the fact that he had seen by the newspapers that Mr. Bryan was here to argue a case before the supreme court. He also There is no law which compels you to read it," remarked Mr. Bryan, smiling. After a further exchange of courtesies and pleasantaries, Mr. Bry-

Two Killed on an Engine.

badly injured.

CROPS OF THE STATE

RAINFALL GENERAL AND HEAVY-ALL FARM WORK BEHIND.

In the Northern Tier of Counties Practically Nothing Has Been Done Towards Planting-Uplands Being Too Wet Even. A General Review.

COLUMBIA, April 7.—Director Bauer resumes today his weekly summary of reports of the weather and crops in were sleeping was burned, the propri- the State. In view of the recent longetor of the hotel says that he had five continued rains, the first report will be extremely interesting to business men in the towns and cities as well as

WEATHER. The general weather conditions during the present crop season were unfavorable for the preparation of lands for planting and in consequence the season is late, being variously estimatan old farmer, by dragging him to the roof of another building. Kep hart jumped one story and was incontinued cloudy and rainy weather When the firemen thought all the during March, with light winds, ex-

> The temperature during the week covered by this bulletin averaged slightly cooler than usual, with minimum temperature below freezing as far eastward as Berkeley, where thin ice was noted on the morning of March 28. Frost was general on that date, killing in exposed places, but owing to the backwardness of the season, injury was limited, being confined to corn, where up, and to fruit. which was materially damaged in York, Spartanburg and the northwestern counties generally. Peaches suffered most.

During the week the temperature ranged between a minimum of 26 degrees at Greenville and a maximun of 79 degrees at Shaw's Forks.

The rainfall was general over the State and was heaviest over the western counties, where it averaged near-Chattancoga for assistance. The week was 2.75 inches at Hillsville, and

The week was deficient in sunshine. control, yet the Chattanooga boys did some work. It is more than probable that J. C. with 52 per cent. The average for the M. Bogie, the old gentleman hurt in entire State was about 30 per cent. of the hotel will die. He inhaled flames. | the possible; the normal sunshine at The last man to leave the burning this season of the year being about 66

As previously stated, and for the

reasons given, farm work is very much who behind hand in South Carolina, except in Horry, Marion and Marlboro Counties, where the conditions have

and injured so far as reported is as where it has come up. In other sections of the State some few farmers have planted corn, but the work is not yet general. In Dorchester, Barkeley and Colleton some seed is rotting in the ground and replanting will be necessary. In the extreme eastern counties cotton planting has fairly begun, but in the central and western counties very little or none has been planted and very little of the lands pre-

Wheat and oats are looking promis-Lieut. Hood, Knoxville, cut on face ing over the entire State. Few spring oats have been sown, as the ground was too wet. In many sections correspondents report the intention of farm-Policeman Asquith, burned and cut lers to plant sorghum cane largely for a feed crop to substitute for oats. Sorghum cane seed reported scarce. Rice lands have been too wet to pre-

pared.

pare for planting, and in some districts nothing has been done as yet; in others about half the lands are prepared. Gardens are very back ward, for the general reasons already assigned, and ell dead on the street from fright. A on account of cool weather lately. In man named Robinson, from Pulaski, the truck farm districts the season is Tenn., is supposed to be another vic- an early one; there having been no set-back from frost since January. except that it is greatly feared that peaches were materially damaged by

Fruit generally looks promising, the frost and freeze of March 28 as far eastward as Orangeburg and Colleton Counties. As is usually the case the frost was more severe in some places than in others. In York, Spartanburg and Greenville Counties it is the unqualified opinion of all correspondents that peaches were about all killed. Elsewhere the extent of injury is as vet uncertain.

Fruit, other than peaches and plums. is apparently safe. The following extract from the National Bulletin for the month of March summarizes the extent of planting for the two principal crops of the South: "Some corn has been planted as far north as Tennessee, and the southern portion of Missouri and Kansas, planting in Texas and Louisiana being

Mississippi and Texas the early planted is up." "Cotton planting in Texas has proressed favorably, and some has been planted in South Carolina, but in other States of the cotton belt practically no planting has been done up to the close of the month."

about completed, and in Alabama,

J. W. BAUER, Section Director.

FARGO, N. D., April 8.—There being diversity of opinion as to the matter of receiving aid from congress for sufferers by the flood, Mayor Johnson of this city called a meeting of citizens this evening to discuss the question.

Then Leave It to the Needy.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., April 7.-The The meeting was an enthusiastic one, of his views, his telegram to Mr. Harrison tonight puts them succintly. It
now await the arrival of his uncle,
reads:

A. P. O'Farrel of Athens, Ga., where

The thousand and Thomas and

were also wired to the same effect.